Volume and improper integration Lecture 2b: 2023-01-16

MAT A02 – Winter 2023 – UTSC Prof. Yun William Yu

Volume of simple solids

Invention of pottery? A: Before 1 AD B: 1-1000 AD C: 1000-1500 AD D: 1500-1800 AD E: 1800 AD-present

Solids of revolution

 Area under a curve can be approximated by rectangles

$$A = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{1} f(x_i) \Delta x$$

• What if we rotate about the vertical axis? What is the volume? $V = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{1}^{n} \pi (f(x_i))^2 \Delta x$

Example – Volume of a sphere

Example – Volume of cone

Try it out

• Find the volume of the solid of revolution generated by rotating the region under the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ from x = 0 to x = 1.

Other Volume Integrals

• Integrating disc volumes along an axis $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \pi (f(x_i))^2 \Delta x$

- What about other shapes?
- $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{1}^{n} A(x) \Delta x$, where A(x) is the area of each slice to be multiplied by Δx .

Example - Pyramid



- Suppose the vertical cross section of a pyramid 100 meters tall is always a square, and suppose the side-length of the square is 100 x meters, where x is the height above ground in meters.
- What is the volume of the pyramid?

Surface Areas?

A: True B: False C: ??? D: !!! E: None